

# THE CHINOOK ADVANCE



Vol. 21

Chinook, Alberta. Thursday, April 21st 1938

No.

Mrs. Brown and daughter Beverley, and Wesley Leftwich of Turner Valley are visiting with Mrs. W. W. Wils in this week.

Mr. D. Drysdale, C N R. pump repair man, was in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Slotwinski and daughter Annie were Oyen visitors on Easter Sunday.

Miss J. Peyton, who spent the winter months here, left on Tuesday for Brooks.

Mr. S. M. Brown, who spent the winter months at the coast and Turner Valley, returned home on Monday.

Miss L. Seegar is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Blagen this week.

Mr. Cornell and small daughter are visiting with his sister, Mrs. Blagen this week.

Gordon Coutts is spending his Easter holidays with his father J. Coutts, in the country.

The following were weekend visitors at the Chinook hotel; Mr. L. Barros, Mr. and Mrs. Bangs, Miss Spoppen, and Mr. Fowle, all of Bindloss.

Mrs. J. C. Bayley left for Calgary on Thursday.

Gilbert Gilbertson and Norman Smith, who have been away looking for work, returned home on Saturday.

Hugh Wilson is staying in town this week.

Mr. Spreeman and Walter returned to Olds on Tuesday, after spending a few days at the farm south of town.

Mr. Barros was a Hanna visitor on Monday.

Mr. Wilson and Gordon spent Easter Sunday in town.

Mr. McLaren, telephone plant inspector of Oyen was in Chinook last week.

Mr. J. M. Aitken returned to Kirkcaldy on Monday.

Jean Mortimer is visiting with Grace Stewart of Collholme this week.

Miss Mabel Gilbertson of Hanna, visited her parents Mr. and Mrs. F. Gilbertson for a few days, returning to Hanna on Tuesday.

Mr. Jack Shier, who is attending the Chinook school, is visiting with his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Shier during the Easter holidays.

Mr. McFalls of Hanna visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbertson over the weekend.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Aitken of Kirkcaldy arrived on Friday and are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lee.

Mr. C. Young of Bindloss is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Shier during the Easter holidays.

Miss E. Duff, teacher of the Myrtle school, left for Calgary on Saturday.

Miss I. Shier, who teaches in the Bindloss district, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. Shier during the Easter holidays.

Mr. Gingles, who spent the winter months with her daughters in Edmonton returned home on Sunday.

Miss Anderson, teacher of Collholme school, left for Calgary on Friday.

Miss K. Shier, primary teacher of the Chinook Consolidated, left for Calgary on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Morrell and family left for Oyen on Thursday, where they will spend the Easter holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm accompanied by Miss Middleton of Cereal, left for Calgary on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Stewart, and Mr. R. Stewart of Rainier were Chinook visitors this week.

Mr. A. C. MacLellan of Elkhorn, M. L. A. for Innisfail, was a Chinook visitor on Saturday.

G. Kraemer of Oyen is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. Anderson.

Mr. Oberitas returned home from Hanna on Sunday morning, returning to Hanna on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Meeres and children of Bassano are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Cooley this week.

Macaroni	5 lb pkg.	.36c
Molasses	5 lb tin	.50c
Bakers Chocolate	1-2 lb cake	.25c
Frys	" "	.25c
Matches	per pkg.	.30c
Streamline Salmon	per tin	.12c
Palm Olive Soap	4 Bars	.23c
Sweat Pads, Formaldehyde, Greases, Oils, Gasoline and Distillate.		

## BANNER HARDWARE AND GROCERIES

### OBITUARY

Mrs. C. J. Haug

Mrs. C. J. Haug, Chinook, passed away in the Cereal hospital at 3:30 p. m. on Friday, April 15th, at the age of 30 years.

The late Mrs. Haug before her marriage was Miss Francis Porter, of Calgary. Deceased was married on Sept. 11th 1936 to Mr. C. J. Haug.

Internment took place in Calgary on Tuesday 19th.

Mr. Haug has the sympathy of all in his sad bereavement.

Ladies Card Club

The Ladies Card Club met at the home of Mrs. Cooley this week. Honors were shared by Mrs. Cooley and Mrs. Pierfesser. The ladies will meet next week with Mrs. Morrell.

Miss Olga Petersen left for Okotoks last week where she will be employed for the summer months.

Jimmy Wilkinson of Naco district was a Chinook visitor this week.



## RADIOS

### 1938 PHILCO RADIO

For as little as \$34.95  
1 Used Radio \$10.00

1 Used 2-volt Wet Battery

770 EVERREADY "B" BATTERIES \$2.95

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Radios, Aerials, Tubes,  
Batteries, Clips in stock.

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1st Door North of Hotel



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## Employment Commission Report

Whatever parliament may do with the final report of the Purvis National Commission on Employment and whatever discussion may take place in the House of Commons with respect to the recommendations of the Commission, it is reasonable to assume that by the time the contents of the report have become well digested by the public, it will provide a great deal of debate throughout the country and some aspects of it are destined to prove controversial.

Some phases of the report will undoubtedly receive quite general support throughout the country, both in Eastern and Western Canada, and probably in this category can be placed the fundamental premise that the long range solution of the problem of unemployment is some form of national unemployment insurance which, as is pointed out, is already projected by the Federal government, supported by a supplementary system of unemployment relief.

## Opinions Differ

So far as this general principle is concerned the commission was unanimous in its approval but on the question of assumption of responsibility for unemployment aid there was a divergence of opinion, one member of the Commission, Mrs. Mary Sutherland of Vancouver, dissenting from the joint opinion of the other members that this responsibility should be assumed in its entirety by the Federal government. Mrs. Sutherland expressed it as her opinion: "That it is fundamental that the primary responsibility for the relief of distress (in our reference distress resulting from unemployment or loss of occupation) should rest on the unit of government nearest the applicant, the Municipality and—on the Province, the Dominion contributing thereto when, in its view, a practical necessity exists because of the unusual nature or extent of the distress."

The fact alone that one of the members of the Commission should have chosen to sign the report with a reservation on which she aptly terms a fundamental principle, is bound to bring this question of policy into the limelight and ensures for it a considerable amount of controversy before the question is settled to the satisfaction of the general public, if ever.

## Room For Improvement

Whatever may be the outcome of this divergence of opinion on this outstandingly important aspect of the question, however, there will be general agreement with the Commission's opinion that any system of unemployment insurance and unemployment relief aid should be closely co-ordinated with a system of employment offices and services.

Under the present set up it has been felt, and not without some foundation, that there is not sufficient co-operation between the administration of relief and the governmental business of bringing together work and people who are unemployed. Anything that can be done to ensure the closest co-operation between these two functions will be an important step in the right direction.

Another aspect of the report which is likely to provoke considerable controversy, and particularly in the west, is the Commission's lukewarm attitude towards proposals to initiate programs of public works as a temporary alleviation of unemployment, though there will be agreement with the commission's recommendations as to types of work which should be undertaken if the government decides that works should be instituted and put into effect.

## Demand For Works

The demand for the institution of public works programs in lieu of direct relief, has grown very rapidly in the west in the last few months or in the past year and this demand is by no means confined to the urban centres. Only recently the Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities went on record in support of a relief works program to be put into effect not later than June 15 and there is a growing opinion in the rural districts of the other western provinces that public work, even if it is more costly, is preferable to a dole system.

This viewpoint is taken on the ground that if constructive work can be provided and particularly if it comprises undertakings which will return some revenue to the country the taxpayers, at least, will get some return for the millions which are and have been expended for relief and that the sapping of morale which enforced idleness entails will be eliminated.

There is no gainsaying the Commission's statement that "hastily conceived or impromptu programs of public works are dangerous and likely to be abortive" for the several reasons which are outlined in the report, but there are projects which can be undertaken which will provide a substantial amount of work for unskilled labor, which are needed for the development of the country and which can be counted upon to at least partially repay their costs, if not immediately, at any rate eventually, and without interfering with or retarding private industry or the absorption of skilled labor into private industry.

## Want To Be Shown

It can be taken for granted that the people of Western Canada will want to be shown very cogent reasons before they are willing to abandon a strong desire to see public work replace direct relief, at least to the extent that it can be done reasonable and on an economic basis.

A farmer of Billingham-on-Tees, England, won his 32nd plowing championship, using the 45-year-old plow with which his father won 263 championships.

Most people call moths "butterflies", yet there are about nine times as many moth families as butterfly families.

One Chinese army compels its soldiers to be thrifty. Ten per cent. of the rate of pay must be saved, a rule from which no one is exempt.

## Nourishing Food for Hungry Appetites

PURITY FLOUR  
Best for all your Baking

PF637

## Position Is Reversed

In 1830 Tipping System Was Unknown In United States

In 1830, an English traveller named John Fowler stopped at a little up-state New York tavern. He had supper, lodging and breakfast, and the charge amounted to 81 cents—with no tips. The traveller was more impressed by the absence of the tips than by the reasonableness of the charge. Commenting on the incident in the April Forum, Alvin F. Harlow sighs: "Alack, the position is now reversed, and America is the land of bigger and better tipping." In 1930, to reprint the item, New York City paid its taxi drivers \$26,000,000 in tips. Tips for barbers, shoeshiners, coat-setters; tips extended from janitor service to the tip-ad-absurdum, the hat-check tip, amounting in a few weeks to more than the price of the taxi! "Un-depressive, un-American" tips, contributing to the something-for-nothing urge and the pauper psychology, this insidious "racket in disguise" has its economic as well as its moral weakness. For, asks Mr. Harlow, "Who is to blame for the small salaries?" Primarily, you are. You have developed the tipping system to a point where employers rely on it... If the practice should, by a miracle, cease tomorrow, employees, unions, and labor board would quickly force employers to raise wages... and employees and patrons would be able to meet and part on a basis of self-respect."

## AT HOME 20 WEEKS WITH RHEUMATISM

## Wife Feared Husband Would Never Work Again

When her husband had been at home 20 weeks with rheumatism he could not work again. At last she took him to Dr. Kruschens, and the change that took place was, in her words, "like a miracle."

"My husband is subject to rheumatism and suffers terribly with his back. Some time ago, I had him in the house 20 weeks with it. I really didn't think he would ever work again. I tried to get him to go to a doctor, but none of them did him any good. Then I said, 'Let's try Kruschens'. Since then, we have proved Kruschens' salts to be wonderful. His weight is back to normal again. My husband is back at his job, thanks to Kruschens. The change it made is like a miracle!"

Two of the salts in Kruschens are the most effective solvents of uric acid crystals known to science. They swiftly dull the sharp edges of the painful crystals and convert them into a harmless solution, which then is expelled through the natural channels.

## Emergency Grain Reserve

Shipping Magnate Urges Britain To Act At Once

Creation of an emergency grain reserve to tide over the British Isles for not less than six months is urged by Philip Halpin, chairman of the Holt Line.

With prevailing low freight rates and reasonable wheat prices, he suggested the British government would be well advised to seize the opportunity and act at once.

Mr. Halpin believes there are too many ships in the world to operate economically in face of the trade available. Notwithstanding, there was growing agitation for increased tonnage to safeguard Britain from the possibility of starvation in time of war.

If tonnage was brought to the level existing in 1914 the industry would be forced into state control which, he said, would signalize the end of the individualistic supremacy of British shipping.

## Feed For Hogs

Experiments Have Shown That Barley Is Superior To Corn

Experiments conducted for the past two years have shown barley superior to corn as a hog feed. Prof. W. Crampton of MacDonald College, Quebec, said at the annual National Barley Committee meeting at Winnipeg:

Barley is inferior to both barley and corn, he added, while mixtures of oats and barley or oats and corn give results intermediate between single grains.

## Memorial For King George V.

A memorial window commemorating the "regard and affection" of the American people for the late King George V. will be unveiled over the south entrance to Winchester cathedral by the United States ambassador, Joseph P. Kennedy, on July 12.

France is estimated to have one airplane for every 15,500 inhabitants, one automobile for every 16, and one bicycle for every five.

## FLIN FLON

"The Story of Its Finding and Position To-day"

By PRATT KUHN

## THE VALUE OF FLIN FLON TO MANITOBA AND SASKATCHEWAN

Remember we found that merely to put the mine into production took thirty millions of dollars, much of which was put into circulation in the two provinces and the wages and salaries of supplies.

To-day the mine employs 1,720 people, and remarkable is it to see, over 640 of these are from Manitoba and Saskatchewan, and 216 more from other parts of Canada, and 216 from the British Empire (other than Canada). This makes over 76.5 of the employees recorded as British subjects. Of the total, with nearly 1,000 are married, and that accounts for the splendid town, nearly 7,000, that has grown up, equipped with schools, community halls, and every kind of organization such as Elks, Masons, etc., etc.

Mining development on a sound scale that means attraction of capital to the agricultural sections of the province and provides a market, increasingly important, for the farm produce.

We can across a note clipping from a business paper in 1928, which shows another angle to what Flin Flon meant to Manitoba at that time. It reads as follows:

"After mining began to the country at large, one year ago, the Flin Flon was in 1928 by the simple announcement that Canada Cement Company would make a million dollar addition to their Winnipeg plant. The Marquis de Mornay debated the subject and made out a case by coming to the conclusion that it afforded relief from nerve tensions and that it would be a source of excitement to the plant. The plant, it is to resist the fact that millions chew the young people should taught the young to stop it."

Chewing gum is common at the universities, and there seems room for an experienced coach who should be able to say whether gum should be禁煙 (prohibited) or permitted in the jaws, or from side to side like a buck saw. Anyway, the mere act of chewing is calming and soothing. It generates a quiescent calm. One of the best ways to relax the muscles of the farm. There is no more attractive expression of complete content with the world than that the face of a man as it chews its gum or sits in the family parlor smoking similarly employed which is the antithesis equivalent to ruminating on a wad of gum.

And we are all for expert instruction on the best way to get results out of gum. But with it should go instructions on the most satisfactory method of disposal of tobacco juice parking of a wad from which the full flavor has not been extracted.

And when that problem is solved we hope the professionals will then attempt to make the disposal of razor blades.—The Stratford "Eacon-Herald".

## WATER-COLOUR TINTS FOR RESTFUL LIGHTING

## "CREATE ROOMS—FREE

from EYE STRAIN"

says "Alabastine Al"



## Will Stay In England

## Austrian Ex-Minister To Britain Will Pursue Interest In Sports

In the British court circuit appeared the announcement: "Baron Frankenstein has left 18 Belgrave Square. His post address will be St. James Club, Piccadilly." The brief item signified the end of the diplomatic career of the man who had been Austrian Minister to Great Britain since 1920. Baron Frankenstein, whose career began in the days of the Hapsburg empire, was at the peace conference that ratified the disappearance of the Hapsburgs and has unless it had merits.

The baron, now 60, resigned his post after the recent Anschluss, and rather than return to Vienna, decided to stay in England, there to pursue his interest in golf, hunting and tennis. His hobby is the collection of Oriental art. Viscountess Ellbank has offered the diplomat a "picturesque cottage" in Hampshire.—New York Times.

## Might Change Their Luck

## Egypt Plans To Remove Ancient Kings From Exhibition

Egypt is planning to return its Pharaohs, sealing them down under the earth never again to be seen by the eye of man. Once they were exhibited in a museum at Cairo, but later were removed by the Government to the mausoleum built as a tomb for Zaghloul Pasha, national hero, who died nine years ago. Last year the Government moved Zaghloul from a temporary tomb and reburied him in the mausoleum, moving the Pharaohs back to the Cairo museum. Now it is proposed to build a special museum for them either at Giza, near the pyramids, or at Helipolis. Throughout the land thousands believe that wresting the Pharaohs from their tombs has brought bad luck.

## Develops New Type

## Reported Sweden Has Developed Spring Wheat That Will Reduce Imports

Washington agriculture department foreign trade experts reported Sweden has developed a new type of spring wheat, expected soon to reduce that country's imports of North American grain.

Sweden's recent imports of wheat, averaging about 1,500,000 bushels a year, have been largely from the United States and Canada. They consisted almost entirely of superior grades used in making high quality flour.

The new wheat, known as Diamant II, was developed in experiments that started in 1923, the department said.

Not one pupil in Ottawa's sixth grade classes, when questioned about his or her wishes regarding French, refused to take the subject. In which the youngsters show better sense than some of the oldsters.



APPLEFORD PAPER PRODUCTS LTD.

WAREHOUSES AT WINNIPEG - REGINA - SASKATOON - CALGARY - EDMONTON



**Chinook****Beauty Shoppe**

Marcel.....	\$0 cts
React.....	25 cts
Finger wave.....	25 cts
" [dried].....	35 cts.
Shampoo.....	25 cts

**Mrs. W. Gallagher Prop.****See E. Robinson****For  
DRAYING****Or****TRUCKING****Any Kind  
Satisfaction  
Guaranteed****RESTAURANT****and****FRESH MEAT****Meals at all hours****All Kinds Tobacco  
and Cigarettes****ICE CREAM,  
SOFT DRINKS and  
Confectionary****MAH BROS.**

Easter service was held in the United church on Sunday afternoon. The attendance was fair. Rev Mr Whaley of Youngstown officiated.

**Canadian Cows Favorites****In The United Kingdom**

On account of their milk yield, their good health and the way they thrive on British pasture, Canadian milch cows have increased in favor year by year since 1933 when the importations of Canadian dairy cows to the United Kingdom commenced. Since then the importations have been: 513 in 1933; 2,143 in 1934; 293 in 1935; 654 in 1936; and 810 in 1937. Of the number exported in 1937, 764 were Friesians and 106 Ayshires, the landings at Glasgow being 603 head and 207 head at Cardiff.

The demand for these Canadian cows from British dairymen greatly exceeds the supply, especially during the autumn and winter months when the milk yields are short and prices high.

**Plant Brome Grass  
To Combat Sawfly**

Here's just one example of what the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act administrators are undertaking as a lesser part of their work.

They learned long ago that the sawfly, an annual worry to western farmers, deposits its eggs in some hollow-stemmed plant, such as wheat.

Last year, at Rockford, authorities undertook to halt, or at least minimize, the sawfly invasion. They planted brome grass along ditches, with the result that there was very little trouble from that particular pest.

This year the plan is being extended as brome grass offers no hope for the insects' finding a "nest" for their eggs. It has

**Farmers Take Steps****To Prevent Drifting**

Carmangay (Special)- Farming operations are beginning now in this district. Farmers do not rush to seed their land as was the custom in the early years of the district's history. Experience has taught that it is better to let the winds blow themselves out before trusting the seed in the ground. Several large-scale grain growers have used a four-bottom plow to turn up the land in an effort to avoid working it too finely again and forestall plowing. Gophers are as plentiful as ever but systematic poisoning is general. Strips of stubble are general in fields now to prevent soil drift.

The majority of farmers are now using power machinery, several this season having traded in old tractors for the newer rubber-tire models.

Most of the seed will be sown on prepared summer fallowed land. There is very little talk to date of "stabilizing" in and the acreage will be on a par with the previous season's. Satisfaction is felt over sufficient moisture in the ground to start germination.

A very enjoyable Novelty Dance was held Easter Monday evening in the ballroom of the Chinook Hotel. Over one hundred people were present and all had a splendid time to the music of the Chinook four piece orchestra. There were three prizes awarded these being impartially distributed: the Old-Time Walz was won by Mr. and Mrs. Veinot of Chinook; the Spot Dance went to Cereal and the Balcon Dance to Youngstown.

Now and again during the present session of the House of Commons, there is evidence that strict party lines are split on certain national issues, but it is doubtful if there is any subject that has brought about such a divergence of opinion amongst the legislators in the Capital as the one which pertains to the problem whether or not the Federal Government should allow the provinces to hold sweepstakes in aid of hospitals or other charitable institutions.

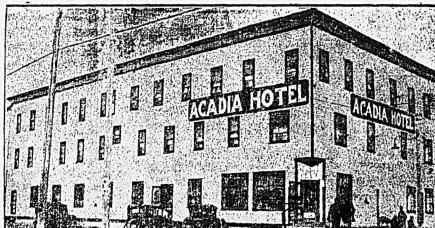
It is apparent that some sections of the population of Canada favour this method for raising money for these worthy purposes, but there is also a large proportion of the people who are absolutely opposed to anything which suggests that the government should enlarge gambling undertakings. Consequently, there is a wave sweeping across the country whereby those in the sweepstakes idea hope to convert a majority of the citizens to this idea, while on the other hand there is a strong underground working to curb this enthusiasm for gambling on a national scale.

The last serious effort to adopt sweepstakes as a means for financing some of the charitable institutions of the land was made in the Senate of Canada in 1934, but it was beaten down in the House of Commons. However, since the Senate has undergone little change in that time, yet the House presents a different picture.

Those who are in favour of allowing the provinces to hold these sweepstakes claim that this would remove from the Canadian scene a great many illegal lotteries since it is ridiculous to state that lotteries and sweepstakes are not being carried on in the country. They further claim that there is clear proof that there is a widespread sale of tickets for such schemes in every part of Canada where organizations and individuals sell these tickets in a manner that causes the law to appear farcical. In fact, in the past four years more than \$3,000,000 has been paid to Canadians by sweepstakes held abroad, and much more than that amount has gone out of this country in the form of illegal lotteries.

It is impossible for all the police agencies in this Dominion to wipe out the sale of these tickets and there are not enough jails in the country to hold the convicted persons if the law was enforced rigidly. Therefore, why not divert some of this money for charity purposes at home in stead of permitting a levy on Canadians for institutions abroad? Oxford University, the University of Paris, and Harvard University were started by sweepstakes, and everyone must confess that these famous institutions of learning are not looked upon as born in sin. As a final argument, those favouring this idea assert that a change in the law is inevitable because several governments have already expressed their own consent to the idea and they have indicated their intentions to create legislation to allow sweepstakes in their provinces, notably in the cases of Ontario and Quebec.

The sweepstakes idea was originated in India many years ago with the famous "Calcutta Sweep". It is admitted by gambling authorities that the buying of a ticket on a sweepstakes is one of the wildest forms of gambling known, and if the affair is honestly conducted, one might easily claim that the chances against a first prize are not less than about 400,000 to 1. The sale of tickets for a sweepstakes ends only when all tickets are sold, and there is a drawing, wherein all the stubs of those who bought tickets are placed in a drum and the names of all the horses in the race are put in another drum. The name of the horse is drawn and likewise that of a holder of a ticket. The person represented by the horse has the honor running for him in the race. This method of gambling can reach high figures as was witnessed two years ago on the English Derby of 1936 when the sweepstakes gross was \$6,000,500 for this race and the arrangements of this idea in Canada urge the people of this country may regret any change of policy which is favourable towards legalized gambling.

**CHINOOK HOTEL****There will be a****DANCE**

held in the Chinook Hotel Ballroom  
on Friday, April 29th. Admission 25¢

Dance starts at 9 p. m. sharp and closes at 2 a. m.  
Public school children must be accompanied by parents

**BOCK BEER****the Tonic for Spring**

Rich, dark thick-bodied Bock — mellow with long aging rich in calories and food carbohydrates. You'll welcome this substantial old friend, and as it slips down your throat remember again how good REAL Bock is.

**On Draught and in Bottles at all Licensed Hotels, Clubs and Government Liquor Stores**

This Advertisement is Not Inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board, or by the Government of the Province of Alberta

We know one young lady that was pretty nervous at the dance Monday night. She watched the door for two hours before the Boy Friend turned up. Maybe you don't think she looks relieved when he came in — alone.

It is reported that last week's "Beau Brummel" was quite outshone by his brother over the weekend. The attraction seems to run in the family. There's seven of them, girls, but worse luck, they're all confirmed bachelors.

One young lady doesn't seem to mind the boy friend being in the orchestra. We saw her dance four dances in succession with a young man and also "Home Sweet Home". Of course we also understand that she's just pouring oil on troubled waters.

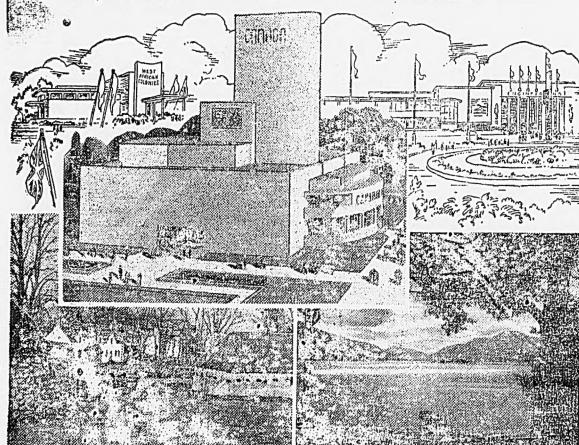
For dancing lessons apply to Short, Yuell and wife, c/o C.N.R. They'll show you a step or two. They specialize on the old fashioned waltz and were first prize winners in that numbers Monday night.

It's a good thing all the boys in town aren't like Gordon or the local girls would be left in the lurch. Have you noticed how he goes for the new girls?

**W. A. Todd**

Issuer of CAR and TRUCK License Plates

Commissioner for Oaths  
Registrar of Births, Deaths,  
and Marriages.

**Empire Exhibition to Make 1938 Scotland's Year**

As last year was England's with Coronation, and France's with the Paris Exposition, so 1938 will be all Scotland's and everybody's, with the great Empire Exhibition which King George will open in the Scottish metropolis on May 3.

Weekly throughout the summer maiden Pacific liners will land daily by the hundred at the port of the Bank, almost daily from the northbound crowds in Bellahouston Park. Not only will they see the exhibition but in the majority of cases visitors attracted to Scotland by the big show can go on from there to see much of the rest of Scotland. Apparently enough this year has been chosen by the Canadian Scot's Re-Union

for one of their periodical tours to the homeland. They will sail in a large party in the Duchess of Fife from Montreal on May 8.

In the natural beauty of Bellahouston Park, visitors will find the greatest show of Empire engineering and industry ever gathered into one place. Modernist pavilions will house the exhibits of every kind and there will be pavilions of engineering, fine arts, industry, to mention but a few. Tree-top restaurants, built on stilts, a 300 foot observation tower atop the central hill, spacious walks and gardens and amusement galleries will provide relaxation for the visitors. Color will be a striking feature. Pavilions will be colored, there will be

green ones, blues, reds and yellows. The open-air restaurants and avenues will be gay with brilliantly colored sunshades and awnings and will the whole scene with the flood-lit scenes like those on the banks of the Clyde. The handsome pavilion seen in an artist's drawing at the top left is the Canadian Pavilion at the 1936 Empire Exhibition, and appears when completed. Lower right is a view of Loch Lomond, one of the scenic beauty spots that most visitors to Scotland make a point of seeing during their visit. At the left is a sketch of one of the cottages of the Highland clachan at the Exhibition and at the top are artists' conceptions of the two pavilions, the West African (Colombia at the left) and the Palace (Bogotá at the right).